

Student Name:

Date:

# ANSWERS

## Review for the Cumulative Grammar Test CORRECT 55 TOTAL MISTAKES

(15 in P1, 21 in P2, and 19 in P3)

Migrants countries  
Migrant's from Central America started to flee their countrie's and come to the United States in the 1970's because of war's in their countries. Those civil wars spread violence and poverty. A possible answer to the problem of immigration of people without documentation is to enforce the current laws or build a wall; another is factors cause people to flee their countries. Another is to offer sanctuary to unlawful immigrants without permission to be in the United States. After witnessing the plight of many immigrants in the '80s and '90s or 1990s, activist John Fife intentionally breaks laws and helps 100s of immigrants from Central America find refuge and sanctuary in the United States. The sanctuary movement continues through the 1980s and up to present.

Enrique's  
In the non-fiction book, *Enrique's Journey*, written by Sonia Nazario, Ms. Nazario documents a different type of immigration issue: she writes about the separation of parents from their children and the journeys that young children are making each year, unaccompanied by their parents. In her book, Ms. Nazario reports about a young boy named Enrique who travels from Honduras to meet his mother. Enrique makes eight trips to get to the United States. In Mexico, everyone rides on the trains through Chiapas which is also called "The Beast." It's or It's a dangerous part of southern Mexico where local people don't or do not help the injured migrants. Enrique is afraid of gangs on the top of trains and he worries that someone will throw him off the train. One day, Enrique nearly dies when a group of robbers attacks him. Some of the robbers use a wooden club to hit Enrique. Fortunately, Enrique lives and stumbles into a field hand named Sirenio. Sirenio helps Enrique by giving him pants and a drink of water. Other people, including Mayors, assist Enrique in his journey. Finally, a man named Tirindaro pushes Enrique across the Rio Grande in an inner tube.

Student Name:

Date:

After seven futile attempts, Enrique <sup>is</sup> reunited with his mother, Lourdes. Sadly, the reunion is not a lasting, happy moment. Enrique <sup>scold s</sup> argue with his mother, and Lourdes <sup>scold s</sup> him. Soon, everyone <sup>is</sup> are angry and unhappy. Enrique and Lourdes <sup>are</sup> is disappointed with each other. Enrique <sup>is</sup> are not able to put the past to rest, and Lourdes refuses to apologize for abandoning her son. In the end, few members of Enrique's family <sup>believe</sup> believes that the journey that Lourdes makes is the right decision because <sup>they</sup> he or she see how Enrique <sup>has</sup> have changed. Some <sup>think</sup> thinks it is correct because Lourdes could earn more money; others <sup>think</sup> thinks it is incorrect because Enrique feels abandoned and hurt. Little <sup>is</sup> are known about the lives of many immigrants because they <sup>live</sup> live in fear and <sup>don't or do not</sup> doesn't report their problems to the police or the media. <sup>It's or It is</sup> Its unclear whether <sup>Nazarario's</sup> Sonia Nazario's book will have an impact on <sup>mothers</sup> mother's who live in Central America. Adults in Central American countries are unlikely to read <sup>her</sup> her's book as most <sup>don't or do not</sup> doesn't receive an adequate education.